

FE265SS

Diagram No. 1210-4

NOAA FORM 76-35A

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION  
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

## DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey ..... Side Scan Sonar  
Field No. .... R/H-20-20-84  
Office No. .... FE-265SS

### LOCALITY

State ..... Rhode Island  
General Locality ..... Rhode Island Sound  
Locality ..... 12 Miles East of Block Island

1984

CHIEF OF PARTY  
LCDR R.K. Norris

### LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

DATE ..... April 12, 1985

☆U.S. GOV. PRINTING OFFICE: 1980-766-230

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13218  
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to sign off see  
Record of Application



## HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

FE-265 SS

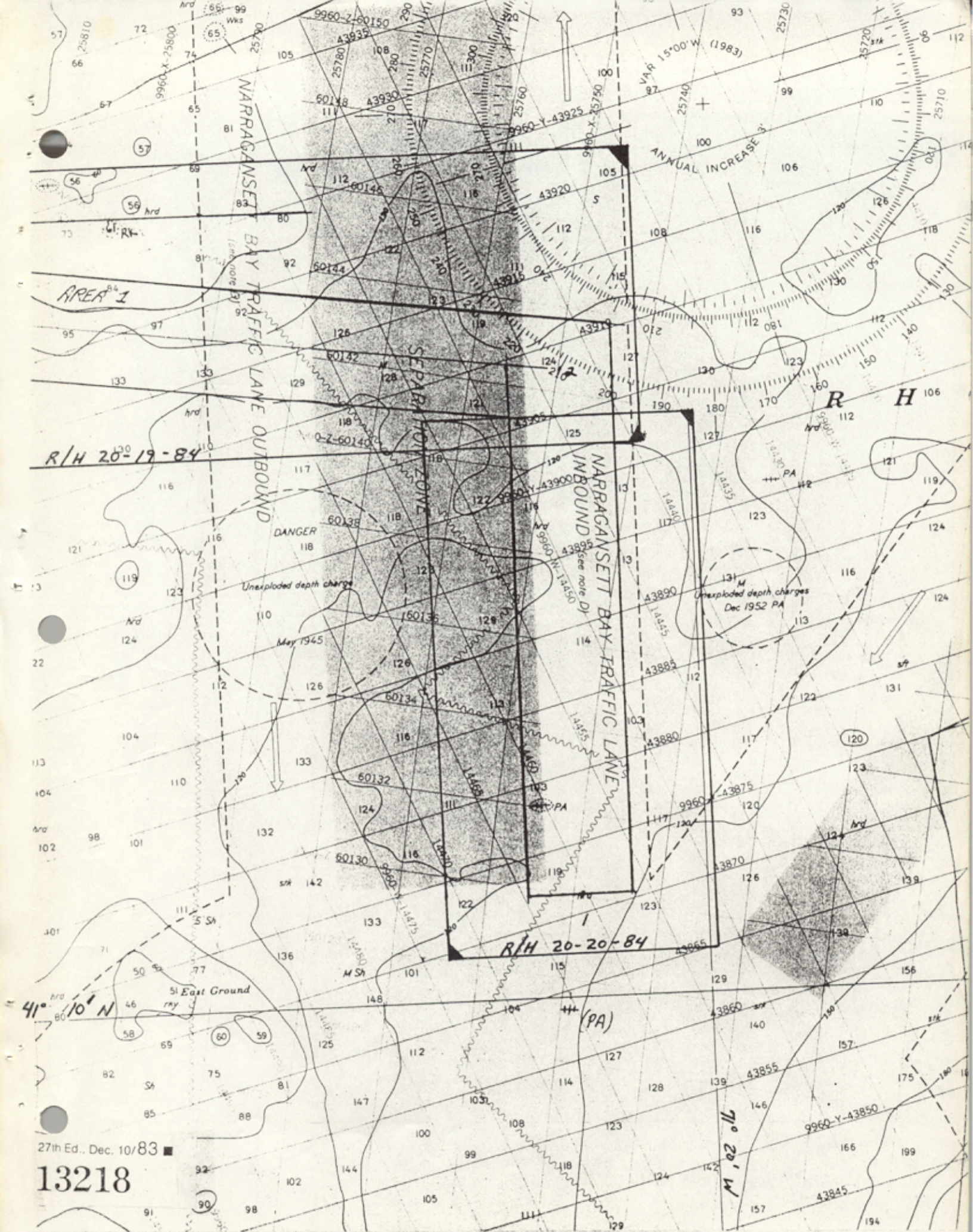
INSTRUCTIONS - The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

FIELD NO.

R/H 20-20-84

State Rhode IslandGeneral locality ~~Southern New England Coast~~ Rhode Island SoundLocality ~~Northville Corridor, Corridor Points 1-2~~ 12 miles East of Block Island.Scale 1:20,000Date of survey 24 July (206)-07 Aug. (220) 1984Instructions dated April 12, 1984Project No. OPR-B660-RU/HE-84Vessel NOAA Ships RUDE (9040) and HECK (9140)Chief of party LCDR Robert K. NorrisSurveyed by R.K. Norris, N.G. Millett, E.M. Clark, T.G. CallahanSonargrams/  
Soundings taken by echo sounder, hand lead, pole Klein Sonar S/N's 088,249; DSF 6000N S/N's A116N, B051NGraphic record scaled by T.G.C., E.M.C.Graphic record checked by R.K.N., T.G.C., E.M.C., N.G.M.Protracted by N/A Automated plot by N/AVerification by Hydrographic Surveys Branch, Evaluation and Analysis Group, AMCSoundings in fathoms feet at MLW MLLW Predicted TidesREMARKS: All times are recorded in UTC.Awois and SURF ✓ LWD 6/85





27th Ed., Dec. 10/83

13218



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\* - Removed from the Descriptive Report and filed with the survey records.



DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY  
HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY ~~XX~~FE-265<sup>SS</sup>R/H 20-20-84  
1:20,000 SCALE, 1984  
NOAA SHIPS RUDE & HECK  
LCDR ROBERT K. NORRIS, COMDG.

A. Project Authority

This project was conducted in accordance with Hydrographic Project Instructions OPR-B660-RU/HE-84, Southern New England Coast, dated 12 April 1984. One amendment to the project instructions was Change No. 1, dated 21 May, 1984. The purpose of this project, in order of priority, was to provide wire-drag clearance of the Northville Industries Corporation oil tanker route, to provide clearance depths over selected wreck sites and to verify or disprove certain reported submerged wrecks along the south coast of New England. ✓

B. Characteristics and Limits of Area Surveyed

This report contains that area of the one mile wide tanker route from Corridor Point 1 (Lat. 041°-11'-00" N, Long. 071°-21'-35" W) to the Junction with R/H 20-19-84 (Lat. 041°-16'-11" N, Long. 071°-21'-35" W) to the north at Corridor Point 2 (Lat. 041°-16'-11" N, Long. 071°-21'-35" W). The survey work consisted of an initial sonar investigation with 100% coverage of the bottom in the corridor area utilizing 150 meter vessel track spacing and the sonar recorder operated at the 200 meter range scale. ✓

C. Survey Vessels

The side scan sonar work was accomplished by the NOAA Ships Rude (9040) and Heck (9140). ✓

D. Hydrographic Sheets

The hydrographic sheets used in this survey were made of mylar and were constructed with the Digital PDP 11/34 computer S/N AG22645 and Houston Instruments roll-bed plotter S/N 8731-8 aboard the Ship Rude. ✓

The field sheets were plotted at a scale of 1:20,000 and were used aboard each vessel to hand plot the towing vessel's position while on line. A smooth sheet was also plotted aboard the ship using the same equipment as described above. This smooth sheet was used to machine plot the towing vessel's position, to hand plot any targets or large contacts, to delineate the limits of rocky or boulder areas, to hand plot torpedo range buoys and to illustrate the area covered by side scan sonar operations. The field records are being sent to the Atlantic Marine Center for verification and smooth plotting. ✓

E. Equipment and Techniques

All side scan sonar coverage was accomplished with the



Klein systems provided by AMC. These systems consisted of a Model 521 recorder, a 100 KHz towfish, a K-Wing depressor and a towcable. Unit S/N 088 was used aboard the Rude and S/N 249 was used aboard the Heck.

Del Norte rates obtained on fixes were recorded with Eaton Model 7000+ serial printers during this survey. These printers worked fairly well considering the fact that they were not designed to be operated in a marine environment. The printers would often type out a line of meaningless characters or rates from the previous fix before the current fix was recorded. The printer records were annotated such that these meaningless characters and extraneous rates were lined out leaving the correct fix rates clearly displayed.

A Raytheon model DSF 6000N echo sounder was operated and annotated concurrently during all side scan sonar operations. The echo sounder recordings were reviewed daily to ensure that no large objects located directly under the sonar towfish had gone undetected. Unit S/N B051N was used aboard the Rude and unit S/N A116N was used aboard the Heck.

Although it is not anticipated that these sounding records will be used for charting purposes, the settlement and squat data for the Rude and Heck, obtained in Norfolk Harbor on 25 January 1983, is included in this report. No velocity corrections or settlement and squat determinations were actually conducted within or during this project. The draft of the transducers on both vessels is 7.0 feet. — *The hydrography is of reconnaissance value only.*

#### F. Control Stations

Two electronic control stations were used for this section of the survey. Station 01 was BLOCK ISLAND NORTH LIGHTHOUSE (1874), at latitude 41-13'-39.081" N and longitude 071-34'-34.864" W with an elevation of 17.7 meters. Station 02 was POINT JUDITH LIGHTHOUSE (1839), located at 41-21'-39.323" N and 071-28'-54.826" W with an elevation of 19.8 meters. Both stations were located by NGS and the adjusted positions for these stations were obtained from published NGS horizontal control data. All stations are of Third-Order, Class I control accuracy or better. The station positions are based upon the North American Datum of 1927.

#### G. Calibration and Position Control

Vessel positioning for all work was accomplished with the Del Norte 520 series electronic positioning equipment operated at a frequency of 9400 MHz in the range-range mode. A listing of DMU and master units used by the vessels during this survey are listed by Julian Day in Appendix A. The remote installed at Station 01 was code 78, serial number 2986. Remote 76, serial number 3004, was installed at Station 02.

Two baseline calibrations were performed during this survey. All baseline calibrations were conducted in the immediate work area and entirely over water in accordance with AMC OPORDER 79. Baseline calibration distances were determined by the HP 3800A electronic distance measuring instrument, serial number



0987A00157. The following is a list of the baseline calibrations, as measured by the HP 3800A:

21 July, 1984	Newport Naval Pier 2 to Gould Island, S.E. Pier	1933.2m
31 August, 1984	Newport Naval Pier 2 to Gould Island, S.E. Pier	1933.2m

Remote codes 78 and 76 were changed to codes 88 and 86, respectively, after the completion of this survey and prior to the final baseline calibration.

Daily calibrations were conducted in the vicinity of the entrance to Narragansett Bay using either three point sextant fixes or circle calibrations about BRENTON REEF LIGHT. The three point sextant fix method was only used when fog, haze and drizzle attenuated the signal from BLOCK ISLAND NORTH LIGHTHOUSE and did not allow this signal to be received at BRENTON REEF LIGHT. These calibration correctors and the circle calibration data was computed using a HP 9815A computer, S/N 1825A02388, and the Hydro Cal Package-800730 and Geodetic Package-800610. No R1 close check was computed on JD 206 for the vessel HECK and no close checks for either rates were computed on JD 209, for both vessels, as a result of severe weather.

The daily correctors, for all calibrations that were conducted were stable and within accuracy tolerances for a survey of this scale. Therefore, only the baseline calibration data should be applied to the raw position data during final processing and smooth plotting.

#### H. Dates of Survey

This survey was begun on 24 July, 1984, (JD 206) and was completed on 7 August, 1984 (JD 220).

#### I. Reduction and Processing of Data

All side scan data was initially recorded in NOAA Form 77-44, sounding volumes. All header data, position numbers, time, and position control data were recorded in the appropriate columns in the volumes. The remarks column was used to record all line information, vessel rpm's, length of towcable (measured from the waterline to the towfish), vessel headings, and any other unusual or noteworthy remarks. The towfish layback was computed by adding the amount of towcable out of the stern plus the stern to antenna distance.

Position data from the side scan sonar work was entered in the Digital PDP 11/34 computer with a modified version of the R/H Double Precision Wire-Drag Program. Rates for just one vessel were entered in this program and a single vessel position plot was then generated with the Houston Instruments roll-bed plotter. All side scan sonar work for this survey was plotted in this manner. The 1984 versions of the Rude and Heck wire drag



Programs were used to plot all data on this field sheet.

The sonargrams from the side scan sonar work were examined while on line and then again at the end of the day. All notable contacts were flagged during each examination. These flagged contacts were then logged in the Side Scan Sonar Target Abstract for that field sheet. The Target Abstract was then completed and the contacts were plotted on the smooth sheet containing the vessel position plots. The towfish layback was computed by adding the length of towcable out the stern plus the stern to antenna distance (21.3m). However, it should be noted that this layback value is an estimated value used for plotting purposes only. Since a K-Wing depressor was used, the actual layback was somewhat less than the value used, which was computed by adding the antenna to stern distance plus the towcable length. The layback and range to target values from this list were the distances used to plot the contact positions. All values of towcable length on the sonargram and in the sounding volumes refer only to the amount of cable out from the waterline to the towfish. The Side Scan Sonar Target Lists were then compiled from the Target Abstracts and the contact plots. The Del Norte rates of the contact positions were determined using a grid and arc overlay. These rates were then used to determine the latitude and longitude of the contact with the HP 9815A computer and the Geodetic Package Program.

#### J. Junctions and Splits

This side scan sonar survey junctions to the north with contemporary survey <sup>FE-26785 (1195)</sup> R/H 20-19-84. There is adequate overlap with contemporary survey <sup>FE-26960</sup> R/H 20-19-84. - See the Evaluation Report, section 5.

Side scan sonar coverage was computed and listed on the Side Scan Sonar Coverage Abstract Form, see Appendix L. A well established thermocline was observed in this portion of Rhode Island Sound throughout this survey. This well established thermocline reduced the effective scanning range below the 200m range scale being used over much of the survey area. In order to determine the actual effective scanning range, two separate sonar coverage abstract computations were conducted. The first abstract was computed assuming no thermocline effect and the theoretical coverage for those areas where no thermocline was observed. The second abstract was then computed for the thermocline influence. Three splits were required in order to completely satisfy the 100% coverage requirement. These splits were conducted on JD 220: fixes 684-688, 689-693, and 694-698. All areas of the corridor between points 1 and 2 received 100% sonar coverage between adjacent search tracks.

The helix was improperly adjusted on recorder 249 (HECK), left channel, resulting in gaps in the records during much of this survey. When the gaps occurred beyond the effects of the thermocline, this effect was not considered to be a problem. However, when the gaps appeared within the effective scanning range, this data was rejected and rerun. Fixes 87-98 were rejected and this area was rerun (Fixes 99-103), as a result of improper helix adjustments. Crocus cloth was applied to the helix blade in accordance with Klein instructions on JD 207, which

resulted in reducing this problem.

K. Comparison with Prior Surveys - See sections 4. & 6. of the Evaluation Report.

FE-26555(1984),

All R/H 20-20-84 side scan sonar and sounding records were compared to prior survey H-6444, 1:40,000 scale, dated 1939, which covered a common area. Depths in the survey area range generally from 103 feet to 127 feet on the prior survey. Depths on the present survey compare favorably with the prior survey, although it was noted that present soundings are generally 3 to 4 feet shallower than the prior records. Present survey soundings were only corrected for vessel draft. *No sounding plots were generated by the field, no sounding plots were made during verification, therefore*

An area of boulders was noted on the present survey within the corridor from latitudes 041°-11.8' N to 041°-12.5' N. Although there is an indication of shoaling in this area on the prior survey, to approximately 103 feet, there is no indication of bottom conditions in this area on the prior survey. - Concur

An area of isolated rocks, contacts 1, 6, 7, 17, 22, and 24, was noted just south of corridor point 2 from latitudes 041°-15.1' N to 041°-15.8' N. There is no indication of this rocky area on the prior survey. - Concur

L. Comparison With the Chart

A comparison was made with NOS chart 13218, 27th Ed, Dec 10/83, 1:80,000 scale, which is the largest scale chart of the area. The soundings that appear on this chart within the survey area are from prior survey H-6444. A comparison was made with this prior survey in the previous section of this report.

Regarding non-sounding features, the following charting recommendations are offered:

- |                    | Latitude     | Longitude    |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. Chart "Blds" at | 041°-12.2' N | 071°-21.6' W |
| 2. Chart "Rky" at  | 041°-15.5' N | 071°-21.6' W |

The positions of Narragansett Bay Southern Approach Tracking System Buoys "a"-"h" and Tracking System Lighted Bell Buoy "SE" were checked during the course of this survey and were all found to be on station as charted. Add light characteristic Qk FL to Buoy "a". - Concur

As reported in the July 1984 Monthly Activities Report, Tracking System Buoys "i"-"u" should be added to chart 13218, in the following positions: - Concur

Buoy	Latitude	Position Longitude
i	041°-20'-41" N	071°-23'-36" W
j	041°-20'-26" N	071°-23'-03" W
k	041°-20'-11" N	071°-23'-36" W
l	041°-19'-56" N	071°-23'-03" W
m	041°-19'-41" N	071°-23'-36" W
n	041°-19'-26" N	071°-23'-03" W
o	041°-19'-12" N	071°-23'-36" W
p	041°-18'-57" N	071°-23'-03" W
q	041°-13'-16" N	071°-23'-36" W
r	041°-13'-01" N	071°-23'-03" W



	Latitude	Longitude
s	041°-12'-46" N	071°-23'-36" W
t	041°-12'-32" N	071°-23'-03" W
u	041°-12'-17" N	071°-23'-36" W

Add light characteristics QK FL to buoys s, t, and u. - *Concur* ✓

A copy of the memorandum from the Naval Underwater Systems Center regarding these buoys is attached in Appendix E. ✓

All presently charted landmarks in the proximity of this survey were visually verified from offshore and are adequate for charting. AWOIS item 1821, charted wreck PA at <sup>Lat</sup> 041°-11'-51" N, <sup>Long</sup> 071°-22'-06" W, is reported to be located within 75 meters of two adjacent search tracklines from this survey. Review of the sonar records from this survey between fixes 67-68 and 75-76 did not reveal any indication of wreckage in this area. It should be noted that numerous boulders exist in this area of the corridor resulting in poor prospects of locating this contact. *See the Evaluation Report, sections 4, & 7.* ✓

It is recommended that additional sonar work be conducted on this item in the future. It is also recommended that the notation on this wreck be changed to "PD". - *See section 7. of the Evaluation Report.* ✓

#### M. Adequacy of Survey

*(See the appended Side-Scan Sonar Target Abstract.)*

Contacts 18, 21, 29, and 30 represent significant targets since these objects approach 10 percent of the bottom depth in height. These objects should be further investigated during future hydrographic surveys since they represent significant hydrographic features. - *Concur* ✓

However, within the context of this survey, using conservative sonar height computations, there is in excess of 90 feet of water over each contact identified above. Therefore, with regard to clearing the tanker route, no further work is required. - *Concur* ✓

#### N. Incomplete Items

This survey is considered complete with regard to the clearing of the tanker route for Northville Industries. See the previous two sections of this report for additional survey recommendations for AWOIS item 1821 and hydrographic features located by sonar methods. ✓

#### O. Currents and Winds

The currents in this section of the corridor had little observable effect on sonar operations. The surface currents on the southern half of this survey appear to be wind driven in nature, influenced only by the predominant wind direction. The currents in the northern half of this survey are more influenced by Narragansett Bay and may be rotary in nature. ✓


#### P. Personnel

The officers participating in this survey were LCDR Robert K. Norris, LT Neal G. Millett, LT Edward M. Clark, and ENS Thomas G. Callahan. ✓

Q. General Notes

The format of this report is a composite of the Descriptive Report formats contained in the Wire Drags and Hydrographic Manuals. This format is the optimum composite of the pertinent sections of the two reports and is more applicable to the surveys currently being conducted by the Rude and Heck. ✓

Respectfully submitted,

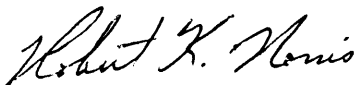
  
Neal G. Millett, LT., NOAA



R. APPROVAL SHEET

R/H-20-20-84

Field operations contributing to the accomplishment of this survey were conducted under my supervision with frequent personal checks of progress and adequacy. This report and field sheets have been closely reviewed and are considered complete and adequate for charting.

  
Robert K. Norris

LCDR., NOAA

Commanding Officer

NOAA Ships RUDE & HECK

### C. HORIZONTAL CONTROL

No new stations were established for this survey. See Appendix D, Signal List, for a complete listing of all stations used during this survey.



## D. SIGNAL LIST



~~WESTBROOK CONG.  
CHURCH SPIRE (1934)~~~~ID NBR 22  
LAT 41°17'10.000  
LON 72°27'00.510  
FILE 22~~~~WESTBROOK TANK  
(1934)~~~~ID NBR 23  
LAT 41°16'54.615  
LON 72°26'16.481  
FILE 23~~~~WATCH HILL  
LIGHTHOUSE (1873)~~~~ID NBR 24  
LAT 41°18'13.646  
LON 71°51'32.552  
ELEV'N 18.68 M  
FILE 24~~~~POINT JUDITH  
LIGHTHOUSE (1839)~~~~ID NBR 25  
LAT 41°21'39.323"  
LON 71°28'54.826"  
ELEV'N 19.81 M  
FILE 25~~~~NORTH DUMPLING  
LIGHT HOUSE (1874)~~~~ID NBR 26  
LAT 41°17'15.932  
LON 72°01'11.084  
FILE 26~~~~RACE ROCK  
LIGHT HOUSE (1882)~~~~ID NBR 27  
LAT 41°14'36.152  
LON 72°02'51.414  
FILE 27~~~~BLOCK IS NORTH  
LIGHTHOUSE (1874)~~~~ID NBR 28  
LAT 41°13'39.081"  
LON 71°34'34.864"  
ELEV'N 18.97 M  
17.68  
FILE 28~~~~POINT JUDITH TANK  
(1940)~~~~ID NBR 29  
LAT 41°23'23.534  
LON 71°28'01.461  
FILE 29~~~~HAZARD TOWER (1912)~~~~ID NBR 30  
LAT 41°24'55.201"  
LON 71°27'26.972"  
FILE 30~~~~BRENTON REEF LIGHT  
(1962)~~~~ID NBR 31  
LAT 41°25'35.071"  
LON 71°23'21.970"  
FILE 31~~~~BEAVERTAIL  
LIGHTHOUSE (1869)~~~~ID NBR 32  
LAT 41°26'57.348"  
LON 71°23'59.693"  
FILE 32~~~~TOWER (1972)  
(Mt. Prospect)~~~~ID NBR 33  
LAT 41°15'20.647  
LON 72°00'35.153  
ELEV'N 49.00 M  
FILE 33~~



E. REPORT ON AIDS TO NAVIGATION



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY  
NAVAL UNDERWATER SYSTEMS CENTER

*Rec'd 8-1-84*

NEWPORT LABORATORY  
NEWPORT, RI 02841

NEW LONDON LABORATORY  
NEW LONDON, CT 06320

IN REPLY REFLECT TO

10500/SLMM  
Ser 438332-3

25 Jul 84

*Copy  
info for Lt. Millett*

From: Commanding Officer, Naval Underwater Systems Center, Newport, RI 02841  
To: Commander, First Coast Guard District, Attn: Chief, Aids to  
Navigation Branch, 150 Causeway Street, Boston, MA 02114

Subj: REQUEST FOR USE OF COAST GUARD FACILITIES

Ref: (a) Phonecon S.D.O./Alicandro (for Comdr. Group Woods Hole) and J. M.  
O'Neil (NUSC) on 3 July 1984.

Encl: (1) Narragansett Bay Torpedo Range Maximum Extension EX46698-C  
(2) Latitude and Longitude Listing, SLMM dtd 2 June 1981.

1. The Naval Underwater Systems Center is conducting torpedo firing exercises and diving operations on the Navy Torpedo Range located within the traffic separation zone south of Brenton Tower at the entrance to Narragansett Bay. These tests are similar to those conducted on the range during March of 1982 and as of this date are scheduled to commence on or about 20 August 1984 and conclude on or about 31 August 1984.

2. In accordance with reference (a), it is requested that NUSC personnel be permitted access to install and maintain a microwave (9300-9475 MHz) positioning system, as has been done in previous operations, on Southeast Light on Block Island, Point Judith Light and Beavertail Point Light. In addition, there is a requirement to place a 32' electronics van at the Point Judith Coast Guard Station. This would be located near the lighthouse on the short single lane black-top strip. It is intended to power the van from the utility pole near the lighthouse. NUSC will make arrangements with Narragansett Electric Company to accomplish this.

3. A requirement exists to install three antennas on the lighthouse, which would project above the light on the side away from the sea so as not to interfere with the light's operation. One antenna will be a receiving antenna on 162-174 MHz, one will be transmit/receive on 149.09 MHz, and the last will be transmit/receive on 143.7 MHz. The antenna leads will be kept above ground for safety reasons, between the lighthouse and the van.

4. Due to the length of this operation and the weather conditions on the Range possible during this operation, semi-permanent moorings will be deployed. (See enclosures (1) and (2) for mooring designation and position.) The mooring buoys will be configured the same as the permanent buoys--white with orange strips and orange letters.

*38332-1077cc  
11-11*



10500/SLMM

Ser 438332-3

Jul 84

Subj: REQUEST FOR USE OF COAST GUARD FACILITIES

5. Mr. John M. O'Neil of this Center is the point of contact, and can be reached at (401) 841-3763 or (401) 841-3486.

J. W. AILES, IV

Copy to:

Commander Group Woods Hole

U. S. Coast Guard Base

Woods Hole, MA 02543

CHART 13218

The following information was received from Mr. John O'Neal of NUSC, on 1 August 1984. All Navy maintained buoys are to be permanently moored in the Narragansett Bay traffic separation zone. All buoys are white with orange strips and orange letters and have radar reflectors attached.

Charting Recommendation

1. Retain Buoys A,B,C,D,E,F,G, and H as charted. Add light characteristic Qk FL to Buoy A.
2. Add Buoys I,J,K,L,M,N,O,P,Q,R,S,T, and U to chart 13218 in the positions indicated in NUSC memo.
3. Add light characteristic Qk FL to Buoys O, Q, and U.





7/2/84

Buoy No.	Latitude	Longitude	Buoy No.	Latitude	Longitude
a 1	41°22'39"	71°23'36"	26	41°16'29"	71°23'03"
b 2	41°22'24"	71°23'03"	27	41°16'14"	71°23'36"
c 3	41°22' 9"	71°23'36"	28	41°15'59"	71°23'03"
d 4	41°21'55"	71°23'03"	29	41°15'46"	71°23'36"
e 5	41°21'40"	71°23'36"	30	41°15'29"	71°23'03"
f 6	41°21'25"	71°23'03"	31	41°15'15"	71°23'36"
g 7	41°21'10"	71°23'36"	32	41°15'00"	71°23'03"
h 8	41°20'55"	71°23'03"	33	41°14'45"	71°23'36"
i 9	41°20'41"	71°23'36"	34	41°14'30"	71°23'03"
j 10	41°20'26"	71°23'03"	35	41°14'15"	71°23'36"
k 11	41°20'11"	71°23'36"	36	41°14'01"	71°23'03"
l 12	41°19'56"	71°23'03"	37	41°13'46"	71°23'36"
m 13	41°19'41"	71°23'36"	38	41°13'31"	71°23'03"
n 14	41°19'26"	71°23'03"	Q 39	41°13'16"	71°23'36"
o 15	41°19'12"	71°23'36"	R 40	41°13'01"	71°23'03"
p 16	41°18'57"	71°23'03"	S 41	41°12'46"	71°23'36"
17	41°18'42"	71°23'36"	T 42	41°12'32"	71°23'03"
18	41°18'27"	71°23'03"	U 43	41°12'17"	71°23'36"
19	41°18'12"	71°23'36"	44	41°12'02"	71°23'03"
20	41°17'58"	71°23'03"	45	41°11'47"	71°23'36"
21	41°17'43"	71°23'36"	46	41°11'32"	71°23'03"
22	41°17'28"	71°23'03"	47	41°11'18"	71°23'36"
23	41°17'13"	71°23'36"	48	41°11'03"	71°23'03"
24	41°16'58"	71°23'03"	49	41°10'48"	71°23'36"
25	41°16'44"	71°23'36"			

Buoy Positions 1-16 and 39-43 to be utilized.

Enclosure (2) to NUSC ltr  
38332 :JMO'N; g# 10500  
Ser 438332-3

**F. DIVING REPORT**

**NEGATIVE REPORT**

H. LOCAL NOTICE TO MARINERS REPORT

NEGATIVE REPORT



**J. DANGERS TO NAVIGATION REPORT**

**NEGATIVE REPORT**

**L. SIDE SCAN SONAR COVERAGE ABSTRACT -  
TARGET ABSTRACT - TARGET LIST**

## SIDE SCAN TARGET ABSTRACT

DATE 1984OPR- B660-RV/NE-84ITEM # NORTHVILLE CORRIDOR

J.D. \_\_\_\_\_

R/H 20-20-84SHIP Rude/HECK

TARGET NUMBER	J.D. TIME UCT	FLX #	COMPUTED RATES	TOW SPEED	LENGTH OF TOW (M/FT)	REDUCED DEPTH (FT)	CHARTED DEPTH (FT)	HEIGHT OF FISH R1 (M)	R2 (M)	R3 (M)	R4 (M)	HEIGHT OF TARGET (M/FT)	RANGE OF TARGET (M)	WIDTH OF TARGET (M/FT)	TOWFISH LAYBACK (M)
1	206	05-06	R <sub>1</sub> 18020 R <sub>2</sub> 15625	240	50	112.4	118	24.0	38.0	39.5	42.5	1.7 m 5.6 ft	30.8 m	1.8 m	27.1 m
2	206	17-18	R <sub>1</sub> 17985 R <sub>2</sub> 19660	240	50	101.1	108	20.0	41.0	43.0	48.0	2.1 m 6.9 ft	36.9	2.2	
3	206	19-20	R <sub>1</sub> 18025 R <sub>2</sub> 20165	240	50	101.4	106	20.0	32.0	33.0	35.5	1.4 m 4.6 ft	26.0	1.2	
4	206	30-31	R <sub>1</sub> 17925 R <sub>2</sub> 20435	240	50 FT	100.8	106	21.0	28.0	30.5	33.0	1.6 m 5.2 ft	20.2	3.4	
5	206	32-33	R <sub>1</sub> 17865 R <sub>2</sub> 19890	240	50	91.5	107	21.0	47.0	48.0	59.0	2.3 m 7.5 ft	43.1	1.1	
6	206	50-51	R <sub>1</sub> 17850 R <sub>2</sub> 14750	240	50	117.1	123	26.0	60.0	61.5	66.0	1.8 m 5.9 ft	54.9	1.6	
7	206	49-50	R <sub>1</sub> 17890 R <sub>2</sub> 14625	240	50	119.7	123	26.0	50.0	51.0	53.0	1.0 m 3.3 ft	43.3	1.2	
8	206	55-56	R <sub>1</sub> 17640 R <sub>2</sub> 16330	240	50	115.7	118	24.0	49.0	50.0	51.5	0.7 m 2.3 ft	43.1	1.1	
9	206	51-52	R <sub>1</sub> 19380 R <sub>2</sub> 21220	240	50	110.0	112	24.0	77.0	79.0	81.0	0.6 m 2.0 ft	73.4	2.1	
10	206	51-52	R <sub>1</sub> 19485 R <sub>2</sub> 22055	240	50	114.4	118	26.0	33.0	34.0	35.5	1.1 m 3.6 ft	21.6	1.5	
11	207	65-66	R <sub>1</sub> 17735 R <sub>2</sub> 19775	240	50	103.1	107	21.0	39.0	41.0	43.5	1.2 m 3.9 ft	33.6	2.3	
12	207	67-68	R <sub>1</sub> 17760 R <sub>2</sub> 20250	240	50	97.4	103	20.5	30.5	33.0	36.0	1.7 m 5.6 ft	24.0	3.1	
13	207	75-76	R <sub>1</sub> 17625 R <sub>2</sub> 20395	240	50	104.1	109	21.0	51.0	52.0	58.0	1.5 m 4.9 ft	47.1	1.1	
14	207	76-77	R <sub>1</sub> 17585 R <sub>2</sub> 20150	240	50	98.4	103	20.0	32.0	34.5	37.0	1.4 m 4.6 ft	27.2	1.8	
15	207	78-79	R <sub>1</sub> 17390 R <sub>2</sub> 19300	240	50	106.4	108	22.0	84.0	85.0	87.0	0.5 m 1.6 ft	81.2	1.0	27.1

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## SIDE SCAN TARGET ABSTRACT

DATE 1984OPR-B660-RV/HE-84

ITEM # \_\_\_\_\_

J.D. \_\_\_\_\_

R/H 20-20-84SHIP RUDE/HECK

TARGET NUMBER	J.D. TIME UCT	FIX #	COMPUTED RATES	TOW SPEED	LENGTH OF TOW (M) FT	REDUCED DEPTH (FT)	CHARTED DEPTH (FT)	HEIGHT OF FISH R1 (M)	R2 (M)	R3 (M)	R4 (M)	HEIGHT OF TARGET (M) FT	RANGE OF TARGET (M)	WIDTH OF TARGET (M) FT	TOWFISH LAYBACK (M)
16	207	85-86	R <sub>1</sub> 17375 R <sub>2</sub> 16480	240	50	115.7	120	25.0	53.5	55.0	58.0	1.3 m 4.3'	48.0 m	1.7 m	27.1 m
17	207	523-524	R <sub>1</sub> 19270 R <sub>2</sub> 15500	240	50	115.8	121	28.5	48.0	49.0	52.0	1.6 5.2'	39.8	1.2	
18	207	537-538	R <sub>1</sub> 19235 R <sub>2</sub> 21585	240	50	103.5	114	26.0	48.0	49.5	56.5	3.2 10.5'	42.2	1.7	
19	207	545-546	R <sub>1</sub> 18845 R <sub>2</sub> 20450	240	50	100.8	106	21.5	48.0	49.0	53.0	1.6 5.2'	43.7	1.1	
20	207	553-554	R <sub>1</sub> 18675 R <sub>2</sub> 17190	240	50	109.8	115	22.0	64.0	66.0	71.0	1.6 5.2'	60.6	2.1	
21	207	572-573	R <sub>1</sub> 18790 R <sub>2</sub> 20575	240	50	91.9	105	21.0	47.0	51.0	63.0	4.0 13.1'	43.8	4.3	
22	207	595-596	R <sub>1</sub> 18725 R <sub>2</sub> 15100	225	50	115.8	121	26.0	88.0	90.0	96.0	1.6 5.2'	84.6	2.1	
23	209	119-120	R <sub>1</sub> 17175 R <sub>2</sub> 16300	240	50	114.8	120	25.0	103.0	104.0	111.0	1.6 5.2'	100.3	1.0	
24	209	607-608	R <sub>1</sub> 18435 R <sub>2</sub> 15350	240	50	115.4	121	29.0	63.0	66.0	70.0	1.7 5.6'	56.8	3.3	
25	213	623-624	R <sub>1</sub> 18505 R <sub>2</sub> 20320	240	50	98.8	104	22.0	36.0	37.0	40.0	1.6 5.2'	29.7	1.2	
26	214	645-646	R <sub>1</sub> 18310 R <sub>2</sub> 19895	240	50	98.7	103	22.0	38.5	39.5	42.0	1.3 4.3'	32.5	1.2	
27	214	656-657	R <sub>1</sub> 18290 R <sub>2</sub> 20575	240	50	97.8	105	23.0	37.0	38.0	42.0	2.2 7.2'	30.6	1.2	
28	220	691-692	R <sub>1</sub> 18800 R <sub>2</sub> 21200	240	50	109	112	24.0	39.0	40.5	42.0	0.9 3.0'	31.4	1.8	
29	220	OFF LINE	R <sub>1</sub> 18790 R <sub>2</sub> 20575		50	95.5	105	21.5	37.0	38.0	44.0	2.9 9.5'	32.0	1.2	
30	220	692-693	R <sub>1</sub> 18760 R <sub>2</sub> 20710	240	50	97.1	105	22.0	30.0	32.0	36.0	2.4 7.9'	22.8	2.6	27.1
31	209	538-539	—	—	N/A	Approx. 107	118	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Approx. 9 feet	—	—	N/A

Wide beam echo seen on the DSF-6000N fathometer but not on the side-scan sonar.

Encircled items recommended for investigation during <sup>any</sup> future hydrographic survey within the area.



OPR- B660-RU/HE-84

SHEET 1/4 20-20-84

## SIDE SCAN SONAR TARGET LIST

TARGET NUMBER	CHARTED DEPTH (FT)	REDUCED DEPTH (FT)	HEIGHT OF TARGET (FT)	WIDTH OF TARGET (FT)	Lat. Long. POSITION	FURTHER INVESTIGATION			REMARKS
						TYPE	DATE	RESULTS	
1	118	112.4	5.6	5.9	41° 15' 07.096" N 71° 21' 49.864" W				DEPTH OVER ALL CONTACTS EXCEEDS 90 FT, NO FURTHER INV. REQUIRED
2	108	101.1	6.9	7.2	41° 12' 29.188" N 71° 21' 48.358" W				
3	106	101.4	4.6	3.9	41° 12' 09.507" N 71° 21' 50.251" W				
4	106	100.8	5.2	11.2	41° 11' 56.504" N 71° 21' 57.504" W				
5	107	99.5	7.5	3.6	41° 12' 17.455" N 71° 21' 55.617" W				
6	123	117.1	5.9	5.2	41° 15' 35.197" N 71° 22' 03.878" W				
7	123	119.7	3.3	3.9	41° 15' 40.687" N 71° 22' 03.639" W				
8	118	115.7	2.3	3.6	41° 14' 31.952" N 71° 22' 00.648" W				
9	112	110.0	2.0	6.9	41° 11' 54.621" N 71° 20' 54.546" W				
10	118	114.4	3.6	4.9	41° 11' 21.195" N 71° 20' 58.689" W				
11	107	103.1	3.9	7.5	41° 12' 19.501" N 71° 22' 00.966" W				
12	103	97.4	5.6	10.2	41° 12' 00.803" N 71° 22' 03.695" W				
13	109	104.1	4.9	3.6	41° 11' 52.335" N 71° 22' 11.626" W				
14	103	98.4	4.6	5.9	41° 12' 01.480" N 71° 22' 11.153" W				
15	108	106.4	1.6	3.3	41° 12' 31.753" N 71° 22' 13.672" W				
16	120	115.7	4.3	5.6	41° 14' 20.521" N 71° 22' 10.823" W				
17	121	115.8	5.2	3.9	41° 15' 43.914" N 71° 21' 03.953" W				

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OPR- 0660-RV/HE-84

SHEET R/H 20-20-84

## SIDE SCAN SONAR TARGET LIST

TARGET NUMBER	CHARTED DEPTH (FT)	REDUCED DEPTH (FT)	HEIGHT OF TARGET (FT)	WIDTH OF TARGET (FT)	Lat. Long. POSITION	FURTHER INVESTIGATION			REMARKS
						TYPE	DATE	RESULTS	
18	114	103.5	10.5	5.6	41° 11' 35.824" N 71° 21' 05.515" W				DEPTH OVER ALL CONTACTS EXCEEDED 90 FT, NO FURTHER INV. REQUIRED
19	106	100.8	5.2	3.6	41° 12' 15.090" N 71° 21' 13.580" W				
20	115	109.8	5.2	6.9	41° 14' 23.096" N 71° 21' 15.098" W				
21	105	91.9	13.1	14.1	41° 12' 08.665" N 71° 21' 17.204" W				
22	121	115.8	5.2	6.9	41° 15' 44.270" N 71° 21' 27.981" W				
23	120	114.8	5.2	3.3	41° 14' 23.003" N 71° 22' 19.683" W				
24	121	115.4	5.6	10.8	41° 15' 27.506" N 71° 21' 36.314" W				
25	104	98.8	5.2	3.9	41° 12' 13.103" N 71° 21' 28.696" W				
26	103	98.7	4.3	3.9	41° 12' 26.414" N 71° 21' 34.756" W				
27	105	97.8	7.2	3.9	41° 11' 58.095" N 71° 21' 41.221" W				
28	112	109	3.0	5.9	41° 11' 42.722" N 71° 21' 22.728" W				
29	105	95.5	9.5	3.9	41° 12' 08.665" N 71° 21' 17.204" W				SAME CONTACT AS 21
30	105	97.1	7.9	8.5	41° 12' 02.169" N 71° 21' 20.293" W				
31	118	107	9	—	41° 13' 54.5" N 71° 21' 24.5" W				Wide beam echo seen on the DSF-6000N Fathometer but not on the side-scan sonar.

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lofl

OPR- B660-Ru/HE-84

Item No. R/H-20-20-84

[illegible]

A-51



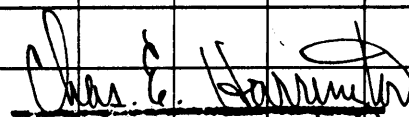


## GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

FE-265

Name on Survey	Source of Name										
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	K		
	ON CHART NO.	ON PREVIOUS SURVEY NO.	CON U.S. QUADRANGLE MAPS	FROM LOCAL INFORMATION	ON LOCAL MAPS	P.O. GUIDE OR MAP	GRAND McNALLY ATLAS	U.S. LIGHT LIST			
BLOCK ISLAND (title)										1	
RHODE ISLAND (title)										2	
RHODE ISLAND SOUND (title)										3	
										4	
										5	
										6	
										7	
										8	
										9	
										10	
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										23	
										24	
										25	

Approved:



Chief Geographer

N/CB 2x5

4 FEB 1985

## LETTER TRANSMITTING DATA

MOA23-44-85

DATA AS LISTED BELOW WERE FORWARDED TO YOU  
BY (Check):☐ ORDINARY MAIL☐ AIR MAIL☒ REGISTERED MAIL☐ EXPRESS☐ GBL (Give number) \_\_\_\_\_

DATE FORWARDED

April 10, 1985

NUMBER OF PACKAGES

Two (2)

NOTE: A separate transmittal letter is to be used for each type of data, as tidal data, seismology, geomagnetism, etc. State the number of packages and include an executed copy of the transmittal letter in each package. In addition the original and one copy of the letter should be sent under separate cover. The copy will be returned as a receipt. This form should not be used for correspondence or transmitting accounting documents.

FE-26555

R/H-20-20-84

OPR-B660-RU/HE-84

Rhode Island, Rhode Island Sound, 12 Miles East of Block Island

Package #1 of 2 (Tube).

- ✓1 - Original Descriptive Report
- ✓1 - Final Field Sheet
- ✓2 - Preliminary Field Sheets

Package #2 of 2 (Box)

- ✓1 - Accordion Folder containing Echograms and Field Data Printouts
- ✓2 - Sounding Volumes
- ✓1 - Envelope containing Side-Scan Sonargrams
- ✓1 - Envelope containing Horizontal Control Data
- ✓1 - Envelope containing Data removed from the Descriptive Report

FROM: (Signature)

*Maurice B. Hickerson, Jr.*  
for LCDR. David B. MacFarland, Jr.

Return receipted copy to:

ATLANTIC MARINE CENTER  
HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEYS BRANCH (N/MOA23)  
439 W. YORK STREET  
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA 23510

RECEIVED THE ABOVE  
(Name, Division, Date)

*Dwayne S. Clark*  
April 12, 1985  
N/CG243

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY STATISTICS  
REGISTRY NO.: FE-265 SS

Number of positions		<u>330</u>
Number of soundings		<u>N/A</u>
Number of control stations		<u>5</u>
	<u>TIME-HOURS</u>	<u>DATE COMPLETED</u>
Preprocessing Examination	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
Verification of Field Data	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
Quality Control Checks	<u>                    </u>	
Evaluation and Analysis	<u>43</u>	<u>Apr. 5, 1985</u>
Final Inspection	<u>2</u>	<u>Apr. 3, 1985</u>
TOTAL TIME	<u>45</u>	
Marine Center Approval		<u>Apr. 5, 1985</u>

Transmittal letter of survey and survey records will be included in the Descriptive Report to identify the records accompanying the survey.

ATLANTIC MARINE CENTER  
EVALUATION REPORT

REGISTRY NO.: FE-265 SS

FIELD NO.: R/H-20-20-84

Rhode Island, Rhode Island Sound, 12 Miles East of Block Island

SURVEYED: July 24 through August 7, 1984

SCALE: 1:20,000

PROJECT NO: OPR-B660-RU/HE-84

SOUNDINGS: DSF-6000N Fathometer  
Klein Side-Scan

CONTROL: Del Norte 520  
(Range/Range)

Chief of Party.....R. K. Norris

Surveyed by.....N. G. Millett  
.....E. M. Clark  
.....T. G. Callahan

1. INTRODUCTION

a. This is entirely a side-scan sonar survey. A Raytheon DSF-6000N fathometer was operated concurrently with the side-scan sonar but the soundings are of reconnaissance value only as necessary sounding correctors were not determined. No hydrography beyond reconnaissance hydrography was required. No wire drag was accomplished during this survey.

b. A conventional smooth plot was not generated during processing. The final field sheet adequately displays the lines run and the contacts found. A chart section depicting the area insonified, the boulder field found and the area described as rocky by the hydrographer is attached to this report.

c. Corrections and notes made by the evaluator to the Descriptive Report are denoted in red ink.

2. CONTROL AND SHORELINE

a. The source of control is adequately discussed in section F. and Appendix D. of the Descriptive Report.

b. There is no shoreline within the limits of this survey.

3. HYDROGRAPHY

The hydrography collected on this survey is of reconnaissance value only.

4. CONDITION OF SURVEY



The final field sheet, survey records, and reports are adequate and conform to the requirements of the Hydrographic Manual with the following exceptions:

- a. In general the Descriptive Report is excellent in its entirety.
- b. Prior surveys common to the survey area which were identified in the Project Instructions were used for comparisons by the hydrographer. The Project Instructions were deficient in that they did not list or require comparisons with prior survey H-4005 WD (1917-19).
- c. No mention or reference was made by the hydrographer in the Descriptive Report pertaining to the recovery of geodetic control stations as required by section 3.2.1. of the Project Instructions.
- d. AWOIS Item 01821 (F/V BARBARA G) charted in Latitude 41°11'51", Longitude 71°22'06" (PA) was not investigated as specified by the Survey Requirements section in the listing for this item.
- e. Only the more prominate features in rock/boulder fields were specified as contacts. To have designated all contacts within these fields would serve no useful purpose. The hydrographer adequately noted the more prominate and representative features and additionally defined the limits of the fields.
- f. No least depths on contacts were determined by conventional methods as required by section 7.12.3.1. of the Project Instructions because the hydrographer determined that no critical features existed.
- g. No Loran-C chart verification data was submitted with the survey records.
- h. No section "Reference to Reports" was included in the Descriptive Report, therefore it cannot be determined if the hydrographer complied with the Coast Pilot section (8.5) of the Project Instructions. Review of the 19th Edition (January 1984) of the Coast Pilot 2 during Evaluation indicates there is nothing revealed by the present survey which would affect the Coast Pilot.
- i. Smooth tides were not requested nor required for processing this side-scan sonar survey.

## 5. JUNCTIONS

Survey FE-269WD (1984), R/H-20-19-84 joins the present survey to the north. This junction will be addressed in the Evaluation Report of FE-269WD(1984). No contemporary surveys exist to the east, west, or south of the present survey.

## 6. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

### a. Hydrographic Survey H-6444 (1939) 1:40,000

This prior survey is common to the entire present survey. Meaningful comparisons between prior hydrography and the present survey

cannot be made since this is entirely a side-scan sonar survey. Adequate comparisons between the reconnaissance hydrography and prior soundings have been made by the hydrographer in section K. of the Descriptive Report.

b. Wire Drag Survey H-4005 WD (1917-19) 1:50,000

This prior survey is common to approximately 99% of the present survey. No conflicts exist between prior effective depths within the common area. Clearance depths within the common area range from 85 to 100 feet. All contacts found by the present survey have computed least depths greater than the prior clearance depths.

7. COMPARISON WITH CHART 13218 (27th Edition, Dec. 10, 1983)

a. Hydrography

The charted hydrography originates with the previously discussed prior survey. The previously discussed prior survey requires no further consideration. The hydrographer makes adequate chart comparisons in section L. of the Descriptive Report, however in regard to AWOIS item 1821, insufficient work was accomplished. However, since this wreck lies in a boulder field of some significant size boulders and the wreck is a 34-foot fishing vessel with an 11-foot beam, it is doubtful that this wreck could be detected by side-scan sonar and considering the depths in the area it is highly improbable that it could extend up to the 70-foot required clearance depths and is therefore considered non-dangerous. It is recommended that this wreck be retained as charted with the "PD" notation but as a non-dangerous wreck.

b. Aids to Navigation

Aids to navigation common to the surveyed area are adequately discussed in section L. of the Descriptive Report.

8. COMPLIANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS

This survey adequately complies with the Project Instructions except as noted in this report.

9. ADDITIONAL FIELD WORK

This is a good side-scan sonar survey which serves its intended purpose. Additional field work is adequately addressed by the hydrographer in sections L., M., and N. of the Descriptive Report.

Maurice B. Hickson III  
Maurice B. Hickson III  
Cartographer  
Evaluation and Analysis

INSPECTION REPORT  
FE-265 SS

The data that make up this Side Scan Sonar survey have been inspected to gain insight into its overall completeness regarding survey coverage, presentation of survey results, and the verification or disproof of charted data. This survey, except as noted in the Evaluation Report, is considered complete and adequate to meet National Ocean Service standards. Processing is considered complete. The survey records comply with NOS requirements except as noted in the Evaluation Report.

Inspection



R. D. Sanocki  
Chief, Hydrographic Surveys  
Processing Section  
Hydrographic Surveys Branch



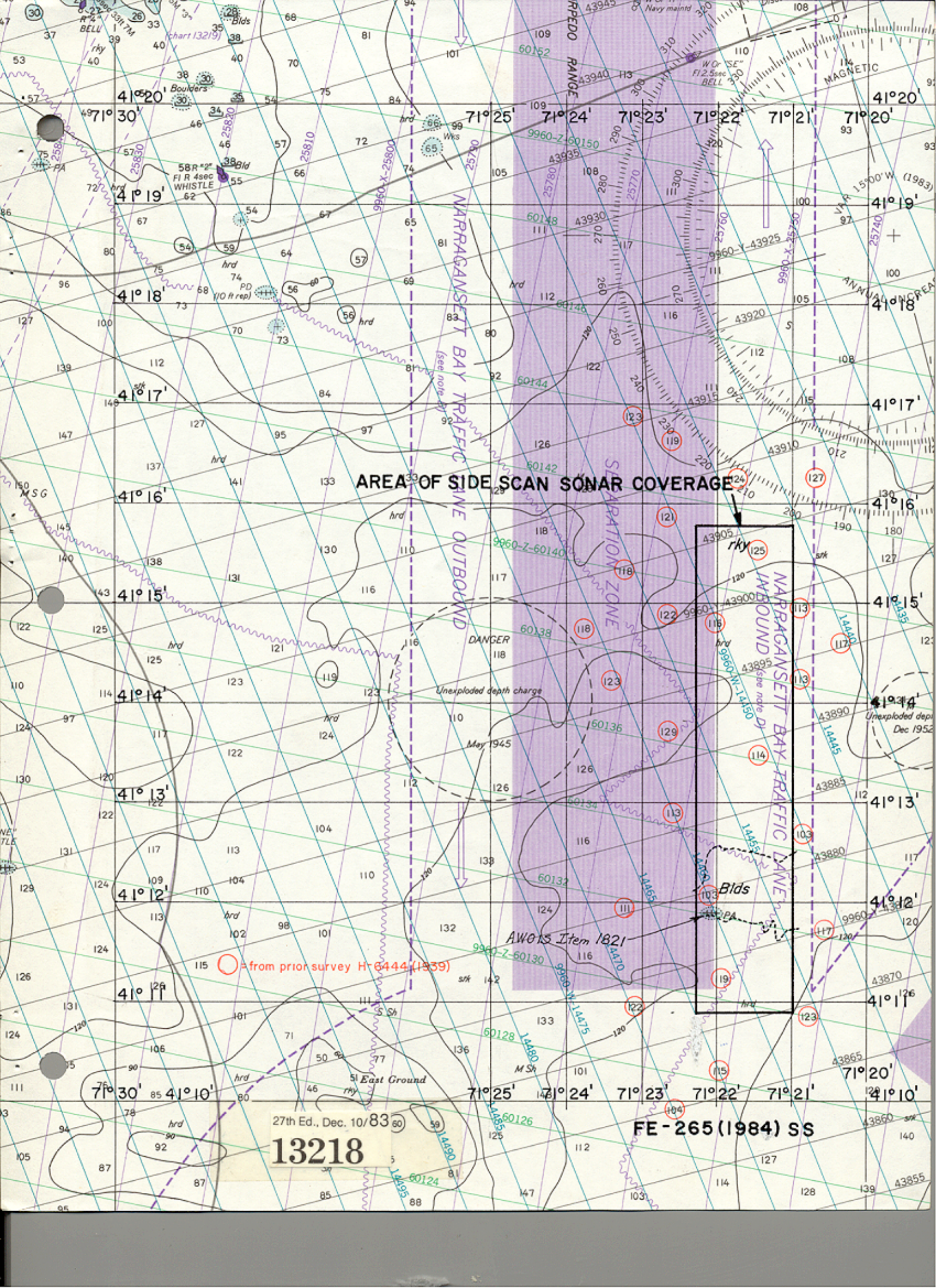
David B. MacFarland, Jr., LCDR, NOAA  
Chief, Hydrographic Surveys Branch

Approved April 5, 1985



Wesley V. Hull, RADM, NOAA  
Director, Atlantic Marine Center





AREA OF SIDE SCAN SONAR COVERAGE

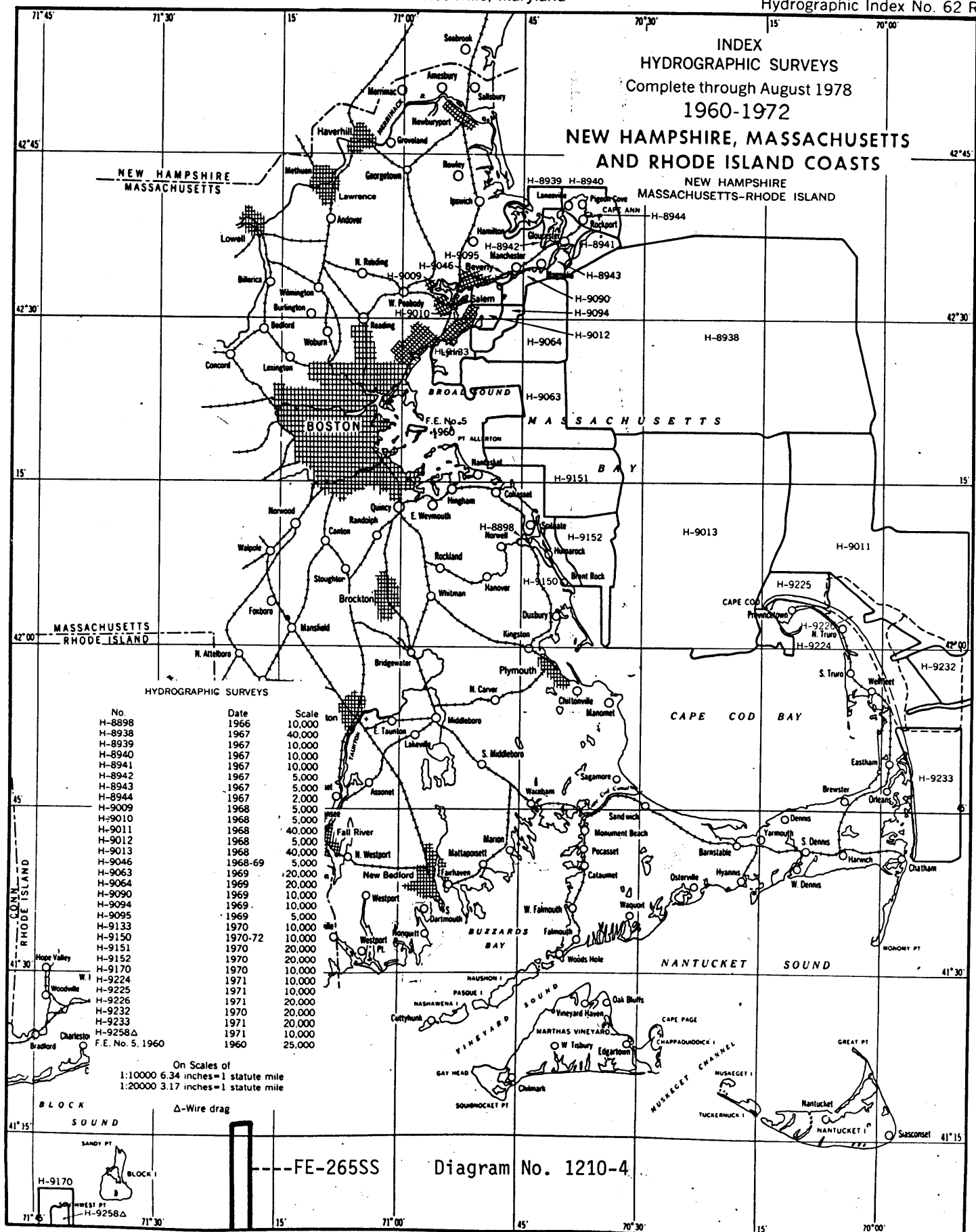
27th Ed., Dec. 10/83

13218

FE-265 (1984) SS



## Hydrographic Index No. 62 R



FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY NO. FE-265SS

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart.

1. Letter all information.
2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.
3. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

SUPERSEDES C&GS FORM 8352 WHICH MAY BE USED